



Hearing with only one ear is not enough for a child to function normally

Modern hearing solutions from Phonak can help children with Unilateral Hearing Loss (UHL) to be...

Ready for Success!

Learner Objectives

After this course, learners will be able to...

- ...describe the types of Unilateral Hearing Loss.
- ...identify the use cases of the Sky V, CROS II, and Roger Focus.
- ...describe the process of verifying CROS II and Roger Focus.

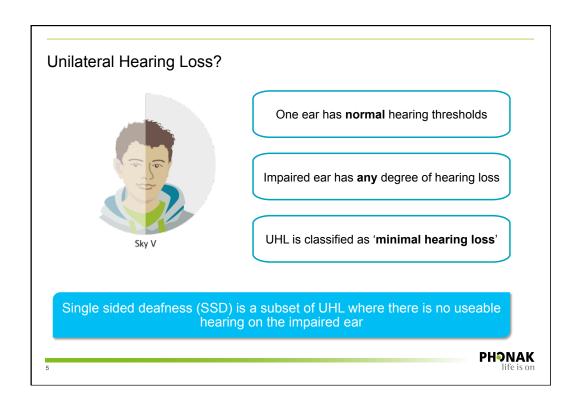


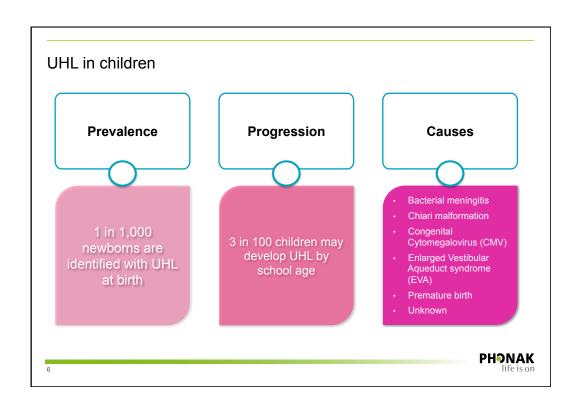


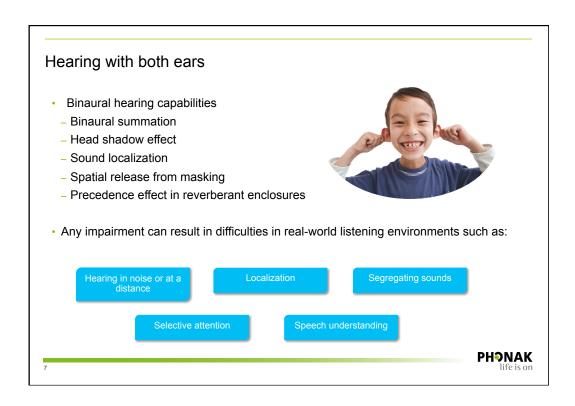
- 2. Various needs multiple solutions
- 3. Phonak Sky™ V
- 4. CROS II and Sky V
- 5. Roger™ Focus

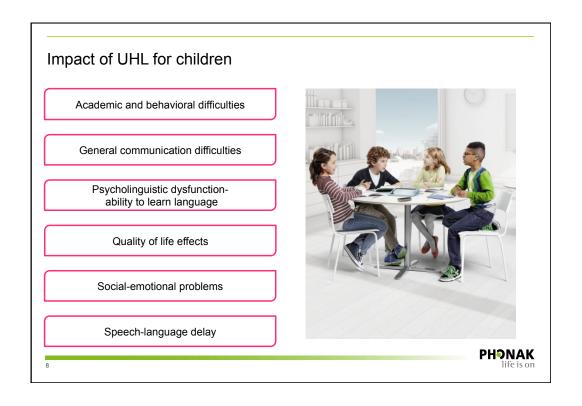














Language scores – Lieu et al. (2010)





Unilateral hearing loss is associated with worse speech-language scores in children

Case-control study of 74 matched pairs of siblings, ages- 6-12 yrs. Scores on the oral portion of the Oral and Written Language Scales (OWLS)

Children with UHL had worse scores than their siblings: • Language comprehension



Oral expression

• Oral composite
UHL was an independent predictor of the OWLS scores

Family income and maternal education were also independent predictors of oral expression and composite scores



Authors' conclusions

- · School-aged children with UHL demonstrate worse oral language scores
- Withholding hearing related accommodations should be reconsidered and studied
- Parents and educators should be informed of UHL effects on oral language skills

PHONAK life is on

9

Language, cognitive, and achievement scores with differing audiologic characteristics – Lieu et al. (2013)





<u>Do audiologic characteristics predict outcomes in children with unilateral hearing loss</u>

Case-control study; 107 UHL 6-12 year old children as compared to sibling controls



Children with UHL had worse OWLS scores than their siblings (profound UHL being the worst):

- Verbal cognitive
- Oral language

No differences in achievement scores using Wechsler Individual Achievement Test. Word recognition scores of the normal ear in quiet and noise correlate to higher scores

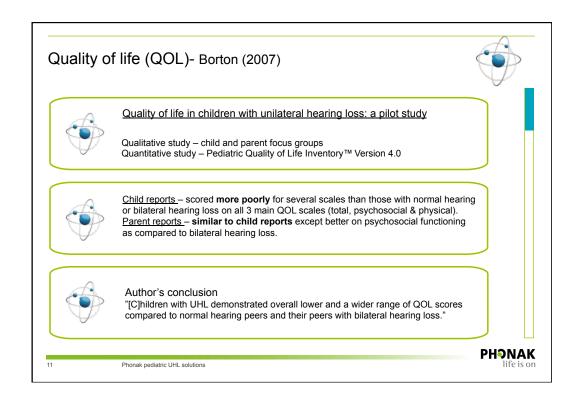


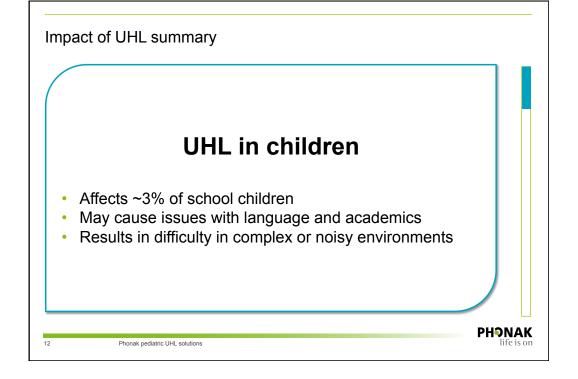
Authors' conclusions

- School-aged children with UHL demonstrate worse language scores
- · Profound UHL tended to have worse outcomes
- No differences in right or left ear UHL

PHONAK life is on











[A]II children with permanent minimal hearing loss must be considered at risk for psychoeducational difficulties and managed accordingly.

Porter et al (2016)

Academic difficulties – adapted from Gravel (2004)



Investigation	Failed (1 or more grades)	Resource help (1 or more grades)	Combined (failed and resource help)
Bess (1986)	35.0%	13.3%	48.3%
Oyler (1988)	24.3%	40.7%	65.0%
Jensen (1988)	18.0%	36.0%	54.0%
Martini (1988)	25.0%	-	-
Watier-Launey et al. (1998)	40.4%	-	-
Lieu (2004)	22.0 - 35.0%	12.0 – 41.0%	-

PHONAK



Educational impact of UHL Likelihood of needing to repeat a year of school Likelihood of needing additional educational resources

Other academic/psychosocial skill difficulties

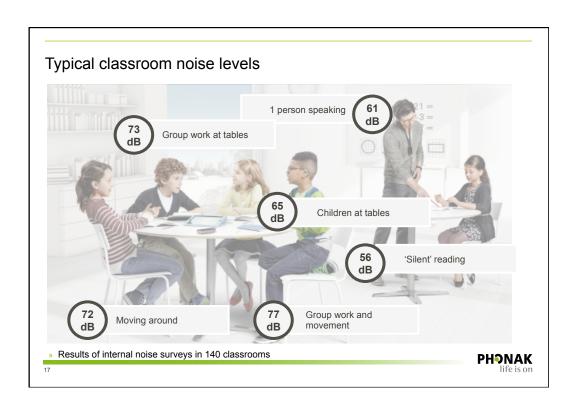


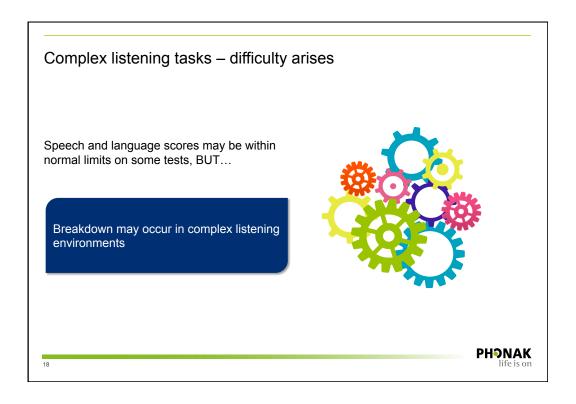
- Higher incidence of failure rate/negative comments on report cards (Keller and Bundy, 1980)
- Teachers rate these children more negatively than normal hearing peers (Culbertson and Gilbert, 1986)
 - Attention to academic task
 - Peer relations and social confidence
 - Dependence-independence
 - Emotional lability
- Behavioral concerns (English and Church, 1999)



PHONAK life is on









Complex listening tasks – Lewis et al. (2015)





Comprehension and sentence recognition in a simulated classroom environment

18 normal hearing children (8-12 years old) matched with 18 with MBHL/UHL. Classroom learning task and speech recognition task



Sentence recognition task – all children performed at or near ceiling

Children with UHL performed more poorly than children with NH on the complex tasks.

Individual looking behavior differed between the 2 groups

Attempting to visualize the talker may inefficiently utilize cognitive resources



Authors' conclusions

- Children with UHL perform more poorly than peers with normal hearing
- during a complex task with multiple talkers
 Patterns of looking behaviors differ suggesting differences in use of visual information.

PHONAK

What solutions can I offer for UHL?



PHONAK



American Academy of Audiology statement Children with minimal and mild hearing loss should be considered candidates for amplification and/or personal FM system or sound-field systems for use in school. Use of hearing aid amplification is indicated for some children with unliateral hearing losses. The decision to fit a child with unilateral hearing loss should be made on an individual hearing loss should be made on an individual basis, taking into consideration the child's or family's preference as well as audiologic, developmental, communication, and educational factors The American Academy of Audiology (AAA)





UHL children are a heterogeneous group



Mild to moderatelysevere UHL

- Aidable UHL
 - · Impaired ear can be mild to more severely impaired
 - · Consider for timing of treatment
 - Delaying amplification may lead to auditory deprivation
 - · Benefits of amplification proven

PHONAK

23

UHL children are a heterogeneous group

- Severe/ to Profound UHL
 - · Impaired ear is unaidable
 - Significantly poor speech understanding





Severe to profound UHL Severe to profound UHL

PHONAK life is on



Hearing aid fitting on impaired ear



- Hearing impairment can very by degree
- Mild to severe
- Amplification should be default fitting option
- · Benefit determined through trial period
- Remote microphone usage for noisy situations or listening at a distance

Phonak Sky V with Roger

25

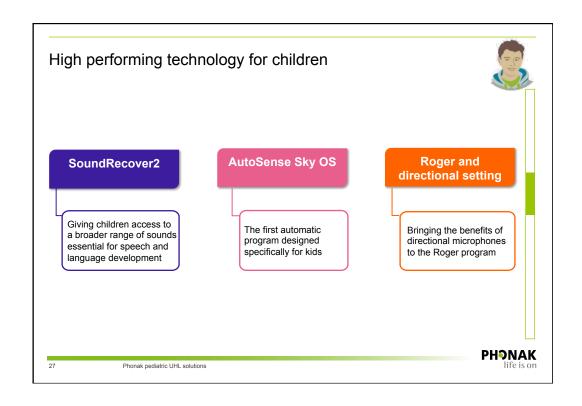
PHONAK

Phonak Sky V

- 5 models to fit any loss
- 16 Mix & Match color options
- Tamperproof options for even the smallest listener
- Optimized hearing performance especially for a child's environment
- IP68
- · Indicator Light











Quality of life improves with hearing aids – McKay (2002)





To Aid or Not to Aid: Children with Unilateral Hearing Loss

Surveys rating aspects of the child's daily life.
20 surveys from parents of children with mild to moderately severe UHL, aged 2-17

Parent comments:

"It would be a blessing if we put hearing aids on these kids sooner"

"He was missing one half of everything before he got his hearing aid"



Auditory areas - improvement

All areas - same, improved, or significantly improved

Children liked their hearing aids, parents were happy and had wished their children had been fit earlier



Author's conclusion

"[W]e believe that children with UHL (who fit candidacy requirements) should minimally receive a trial with amplification. Fitting these children has appeared to improve their quality of life. We believe that without this opportunity, the children are being denied access to their full potential."

PHONAK

Severe to profound UHL

- · Hearing impairment is unaidable
 - Also called Single Sided Deafness (SSD)
- Fitting goal → Sound received in the normal ear



Phonak CROS II

Roger Focus



PHONAK

Contralateral Routing of Signal - CROS



- · Candidates and considerations for using CROS technology:
 - Goal is to access sound from the 'bad side'
 - Child is able to recognize dynamics of the acoustic environment
 - Trial period is helpful
- Remote wireless microphone usage for noisy situations or listening at a distance will provide best hearing

Phonak CROS II With Sky V and Roger

Phonak pediatric UHL solutions

PHONAK

CROS II benefits



Performance

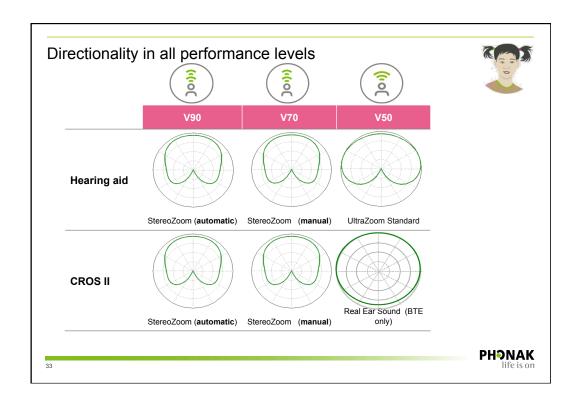
- · StereoZoom for speech in noise
 - Venture chip benefits

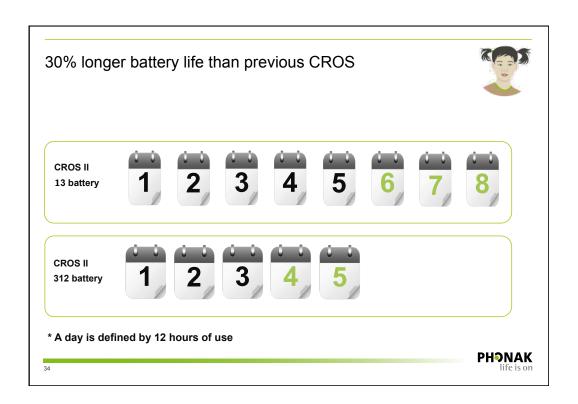
 - Directional microphonesBetter battery consumption

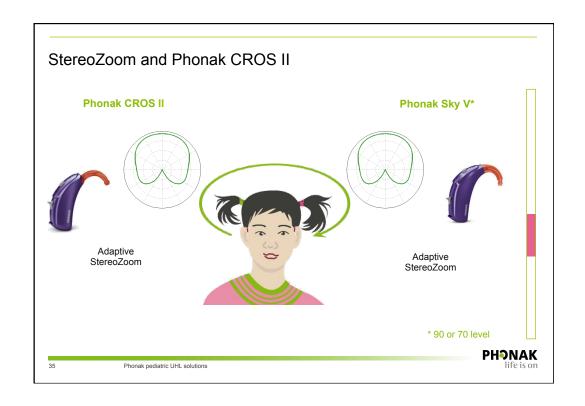
Ease of use

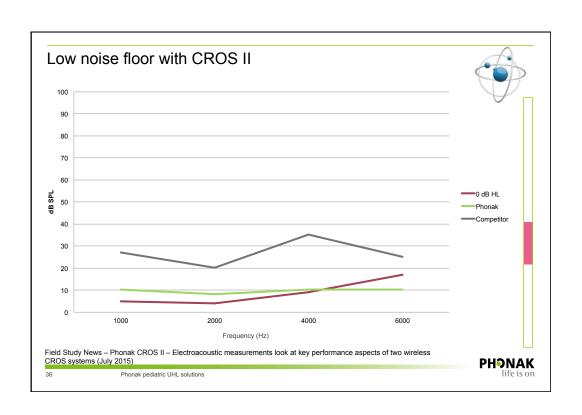
Look & feel

PHONAK

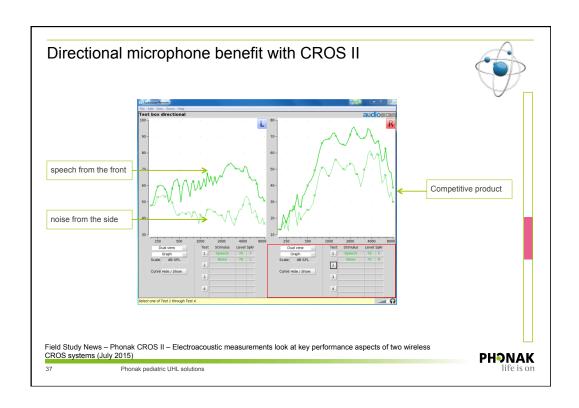
















CROS II benefits



Performance

Ease of use

- Automatic switching to Roger with Sky V RogerReady
- · Simplified fitting approach

Look & feel

39

PHONAK

Roger, CROS II and Sky V – easier than ever for children



Phonak CROS II, Phonak Sky™ V and Roger™



PHONAK

CROS II fitting in junior mode Client test2, test Instruments Sky V90-RIC Start up program Feedback & real ear test AudiogramDirect Global tuning Fine tuning If you select Junior Mode you will have a startup program of Roger/ DAI + Mic AUTOMATIC PROGRAMS Startup Easy access A AutoSense Sky OS Speech in noise Select AutoSense Sky OS as a - • Speech in loud noise start up program Speech in car Comfort in noise Comfort in echo Music Roger/DAI+mic- first manual ADDITIONAL PROGRAMS program 1 Roger/DAI + mic ✓ RogerReady 0 2 Acoustic phone 2 • EasyPhone **PHONAK**



CROS II fitting guide



Desktop Fitting Guide

This guide provides you with a detailed introduction to fitting a Phonak CROS II or a Phonak CROS B system in Phonak Target **5.0** and later. For fitting of the hearing instruments, please see the Hearing Instruments Desktop Fitting Guide.



CROS II benefits



Performance

Ease of use

Look & feel

- · New housings
- New housing colors
- New CROS Hook

PHONAK life is on







Phonak CROS II-13 with CROS hook- child friendly design





- BTE 13 housing
- IP67
- 18 housing colors and 7 CROS Hook colors
- Mix & Match with Sky V
 Push button and volume control
- High-tech composite material
- Tamperproof door available



Using the CROS Hook and Sky V-P tamperproof battery door will meet the IEC standards for small children

PHONAK

Phonak CROS II Hook **PHONAK** Phonak pediatric UHL solutions



CROS II benefits - summary



Performance

- · StereoZoom for speech in noise
- Venture chip benefits
 - Directional microphones
 - Better battery consumption

Ease of use

- Automatic switching to Roger with Sky V RogerReady
- · Simplified fitting approach

Look & feel

- New housings
- · New housing colors
- New CROS Hook

PHONAK

49



Setup

- · Position the client in front of the speaker
- Program the hearing instrument and CROS II transmitter in Target.
- If you are using the iCube II, hang the iCube II around the client's neck to allow for instant adjustment based upon
 verification feedback

· Client preparation/explanation

• The follow test is going to allow us to see how your CROS system is working. We will be able to see how well the hearing instrument and the CROS transmitter are programmed, as well as verify that the CROS transmitter is picking up and transmitting the sound from your poorer hearing ear to your better hearing ear. If anything is not working appropriately, we will be able to see it and address it.

PHONAK

50

Phonak pediatric UHL solutions



Procedure

Measure the aided response on the "better hearing ear"

- Place the reference microphones on both ears.
- Insert the probe microphone in the better ear canal only.
- Place both the hearing instrument and CROS II transmitter in the ears. Ensure that the instrument is programmed and active.
- Select <on ear measure> and the relevant hearing instrument (<BTE>).
- . With the speaker directly facing the better ear, record the response at either 55 or 60 dB SPL.





51

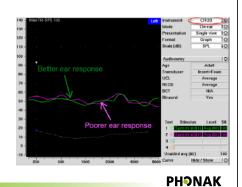
Phonak pediatric UHL solutions

PHONAK life is on

Measure the aided response on the "poorer hearing ear"

- Do not change the position of the probe mic, reference mic, or CROS system.
- Ensure that the hearing instrument and the CROS transmitter are still turned ON.
- Change the hearing instrument selection to <CROS>. By changing the selection to CROS, this switches the
 reference microphone to the side of the transmitter.
- Rotate the client so that the speaker is facing the poorer hearing ear.
- Record the response at the same dB SPL previously used.





52

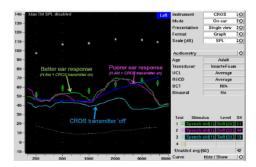
Phonak pediatric UHL solutions



Ideally, the 'better ear' and the 'poorer ear' responses should be very similar with responses within 2-3 dB of each other. If they differ greatly (i.e. 4-5 dB or higher), fine-tuning may be required to allow them to match as closely as possible. If your responses differ greatly, check the following:

- Position of the speaker When you switching sides, ensure that the placement of the speaker to the ear is as identical.
- Position of the instrument on the ear. Check the position of the hearing instrument and CROS transmitter on the
 ear.
- · Programming of the CROS system. Verify that the programming of the CROS system is balanced and comfortable.

If you are unable to match the 2 responses, please check the CROS system to ensure that it is functioning properly. If the CROS system is not working or the transmitter is faulty, you may see the responses captured below.



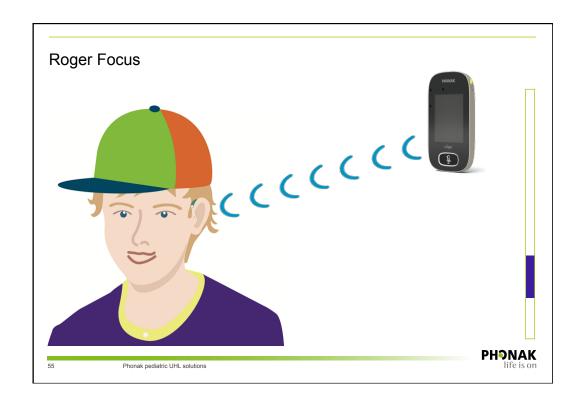
53

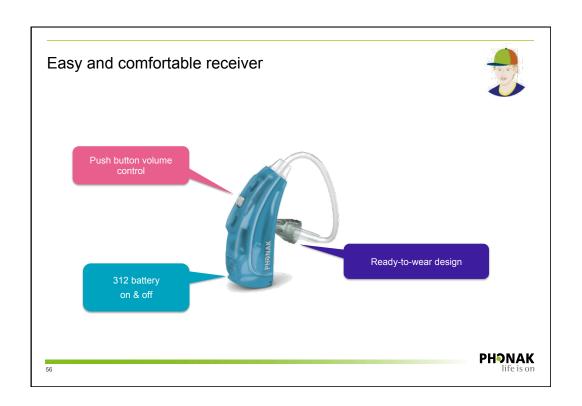
Phonak pediatric UHL solutions



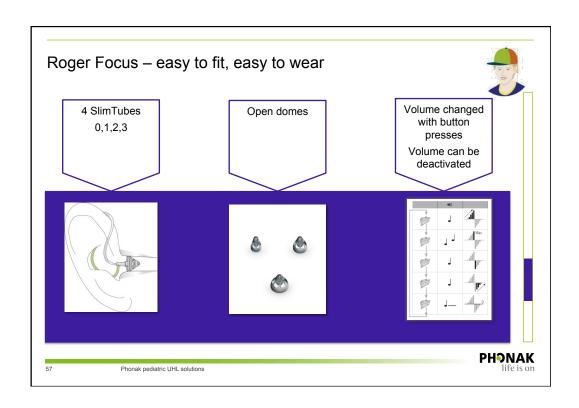
Roger Focus - Children with severe to profound UHL - Increase the signal-to-noise ratio of the important information to the normal hearing ear - Benefit for hearing in noise and over distance - Classroom - Car - Social outings

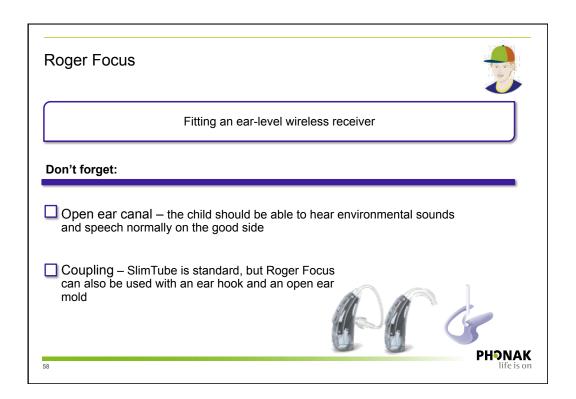




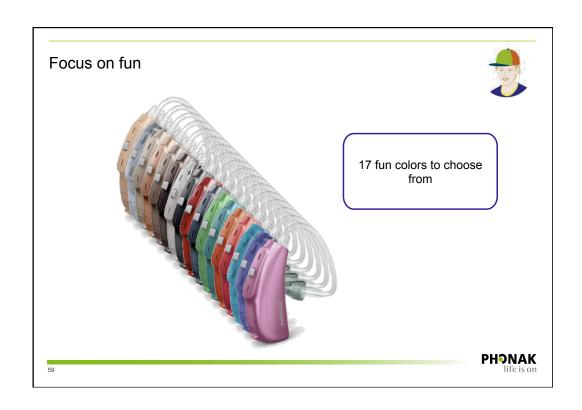


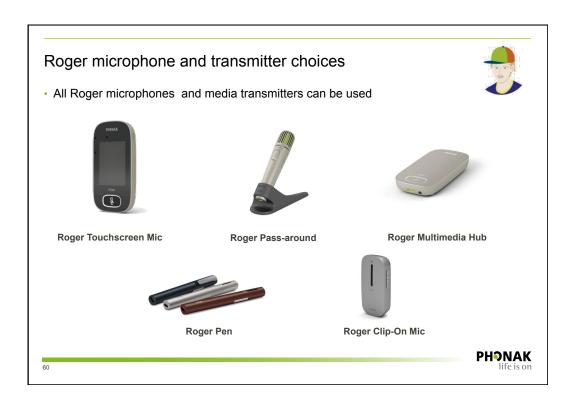


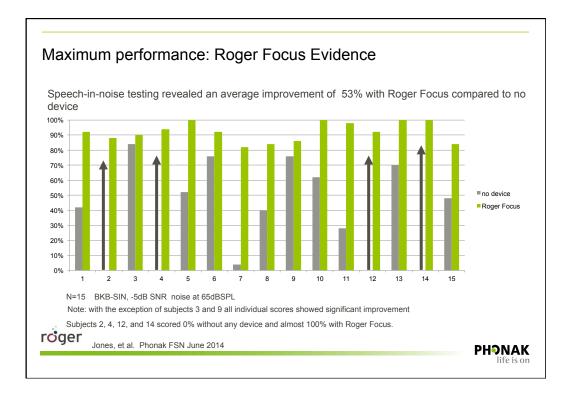












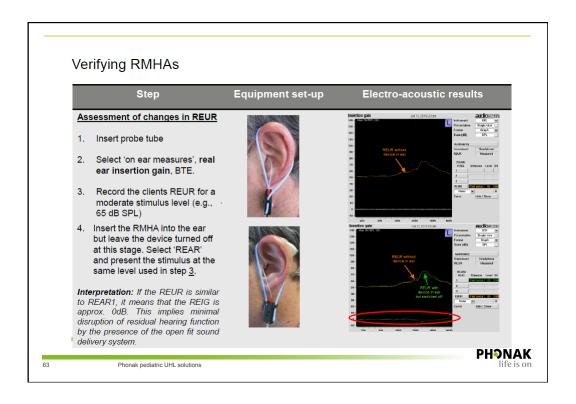
Verification of the Roger Focus

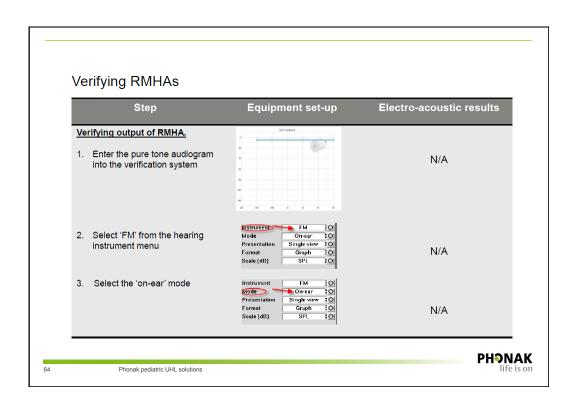
- AAA (2008) suggest procedures for fitting RMHA, including in the ear probe microphone measures of output for speech and loud inputs.
- Schafer et al. (2014) wanted to validate these AAA guidelines and recruited 26 normal hearing children to their study
- Their goals of obtaining real ear measures for RMHA were: To verify the measured output for prescribed-gain targets from 1 to 4 kHz for speech stimuli
- To confirm that the RMHA volume did not exceed predicted loudness discomfort levels
- To assess changes to the real ear unaided response (REUR) when placing the open sound delivery system in the ear
- Results: On average prescription targets were met from 1 to 4 kHz within ± 3 dB, although at times HF targets at 3 and 4 kHz could not be met
- MPO of the RMHA never exceeded MPO limits and overall, was significantly less than estimated UCLs
- Some change in REUR due to the open sound delivery system were noted, but differences were small (e.g., overall REUR was an average 1 dB higher c.f. REOR, and around 3-4 dB at 3 & 4 kHz)

PHONAK

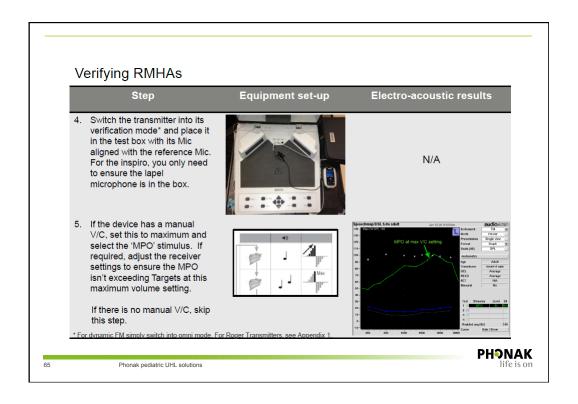
Phonak pediatric UHL solutions

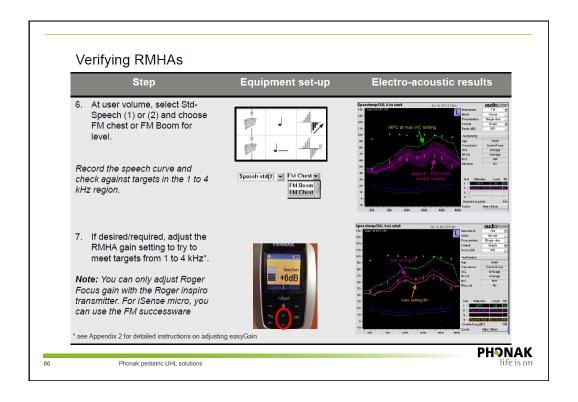


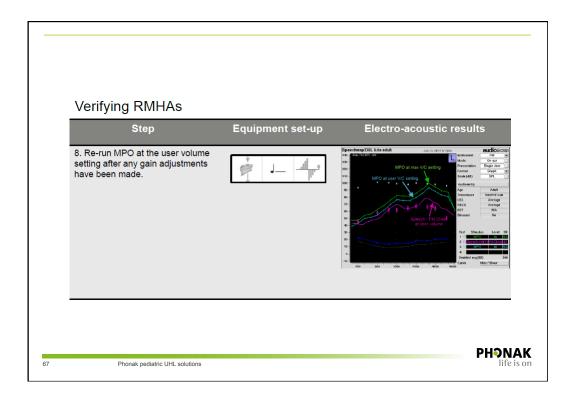












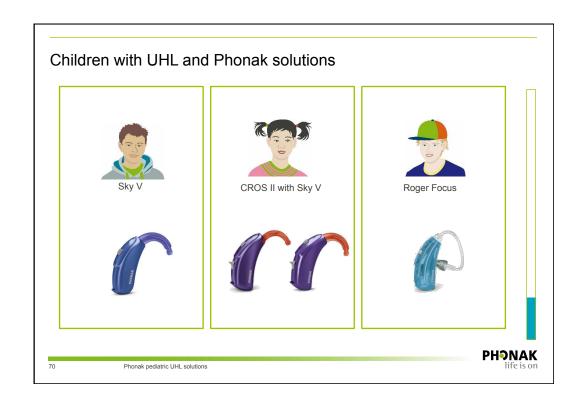
Roger DigiMaster 5000 & 7000



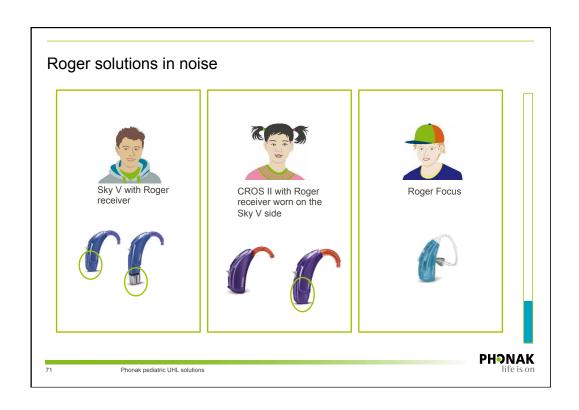
- Good for those children that cannot support ear level technology
 - Draining ears
- Sensory issues
- Ear malformations
- Only need a Roger Touchscreen Mic or Roger Inspiro
- One tap connection
- Unique adaptive behavior ensures the volume is right at any noise level

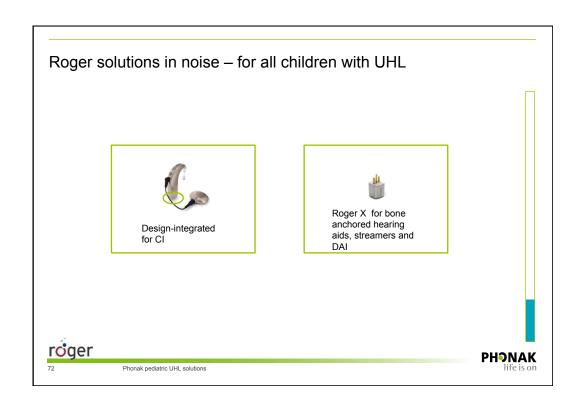
PHONAK life is on













Children with UHL

"With infants being identified with UHL at a very early age, it is time for clinicians to consider all intervention avenues available and take the opportunity to positively impact the development of children with UHL to help them reach their maximum potential."

Krishman & Van Hyfte (2016)

PHONAK

72

Phonak pediatric UHL solutions





