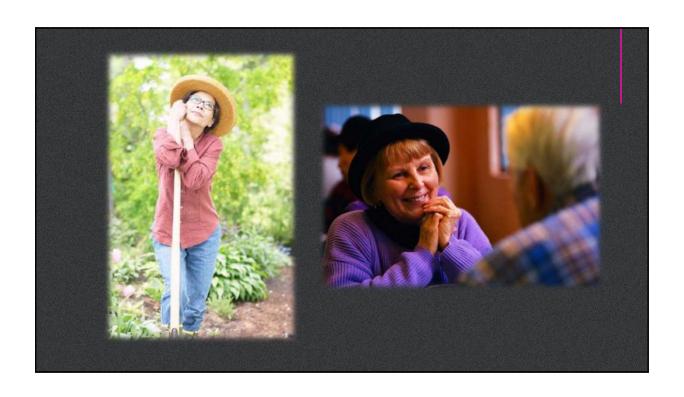


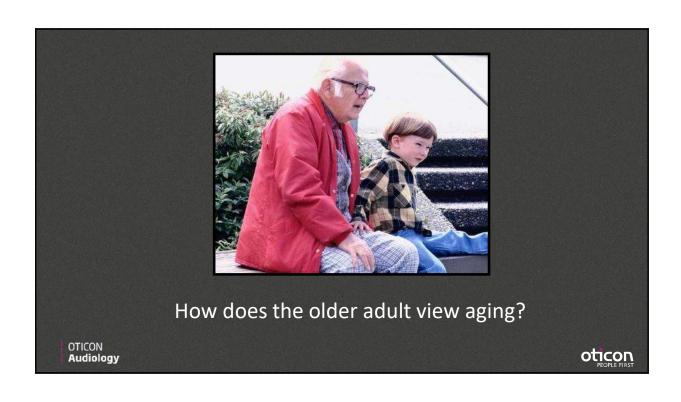
Learning Objectives:

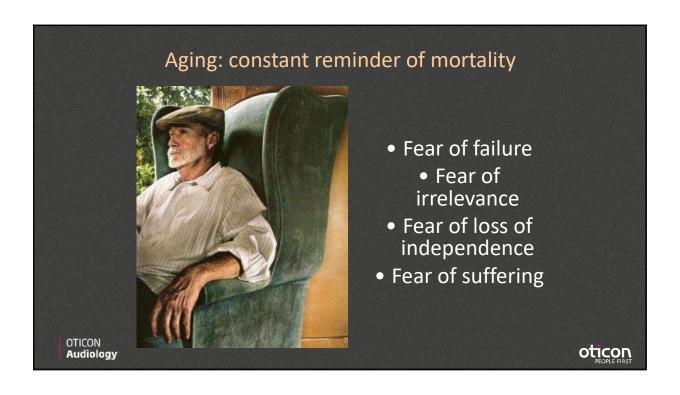
- . . . recognize how hearing loss may be part of a broader array of body changes in the older adult, leading the patient to make adjustments in behavior in order to compensate
- . . . identify the life, familial and vocational effects that may put the older adult at risk for isolation, all further complicated by the presence of hearing loss
- . . . list intervention techniques designed to emphasize the value of maintaining good social contact despite the presence of hearing loss

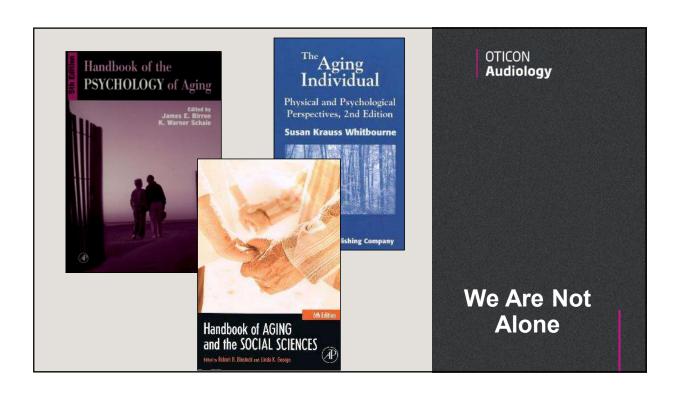
oticon

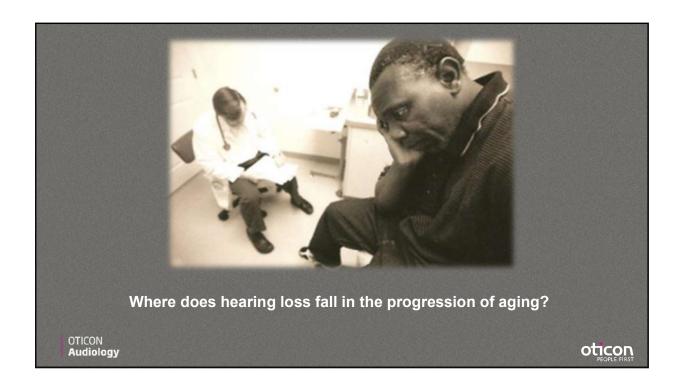


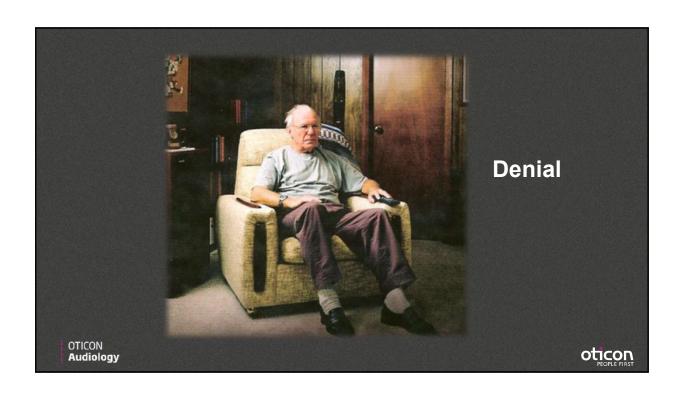


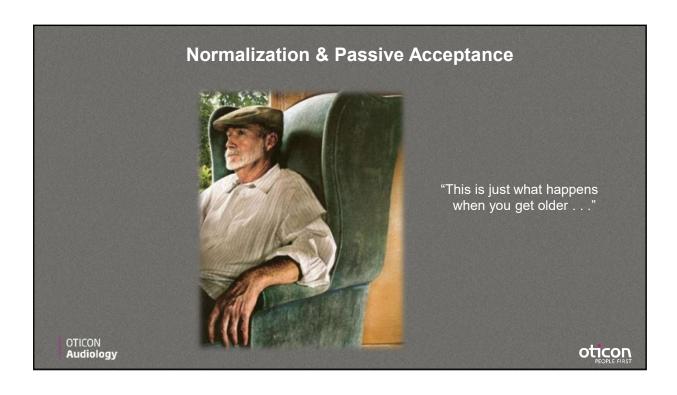














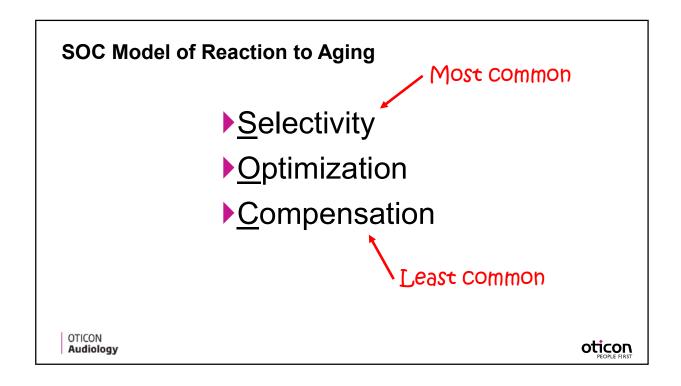


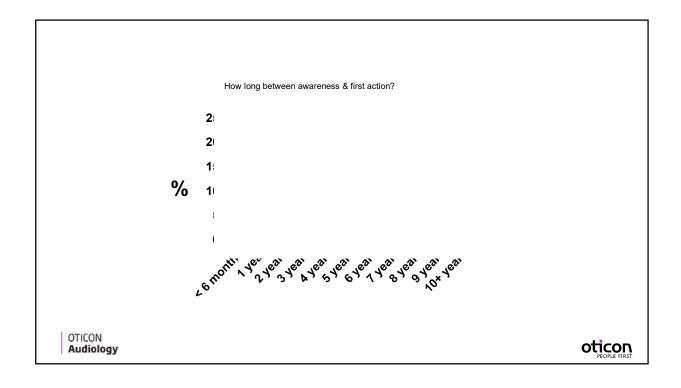
SOC Model of Reaction to Aging

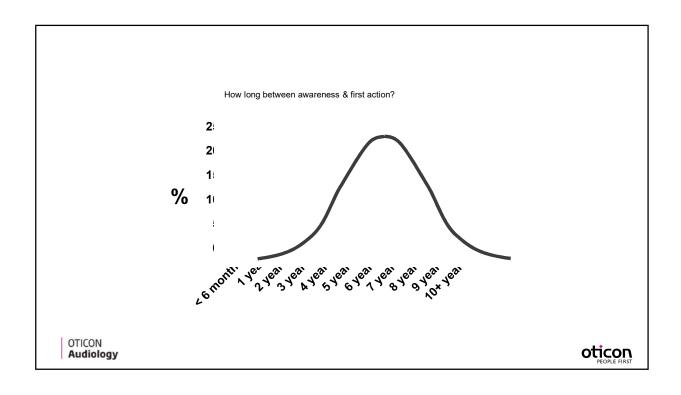
- **▶**Selectivity
- ▶ Optimization
- ▶ Compensation

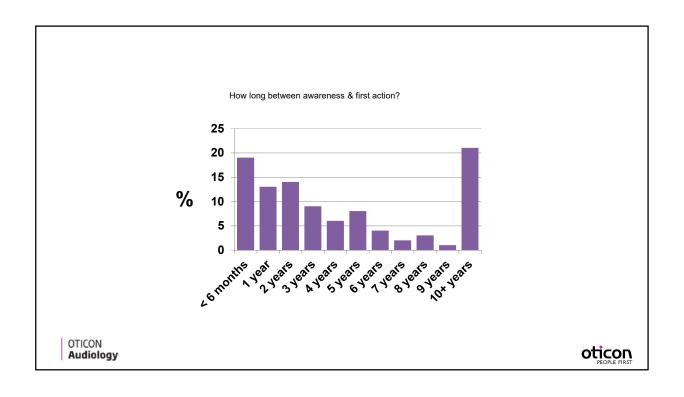
OTICON Audiology

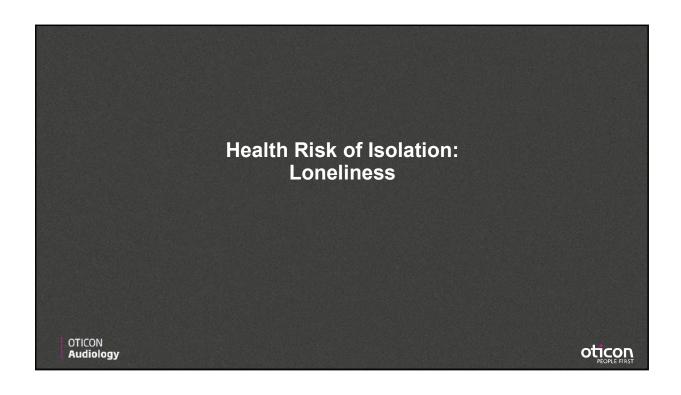
oticon PEOPLE FIRST

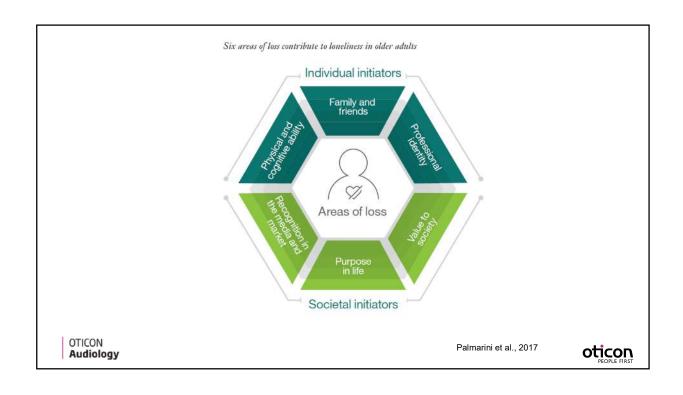


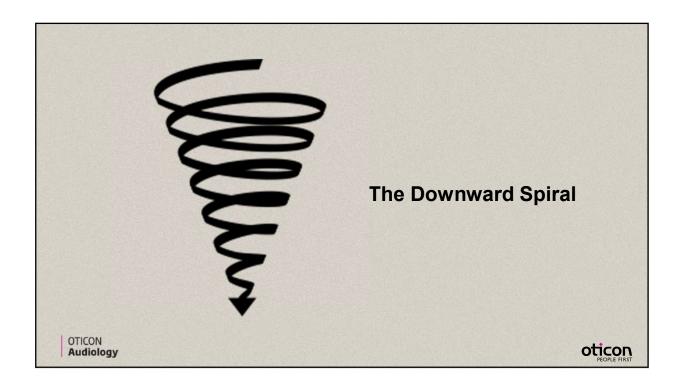






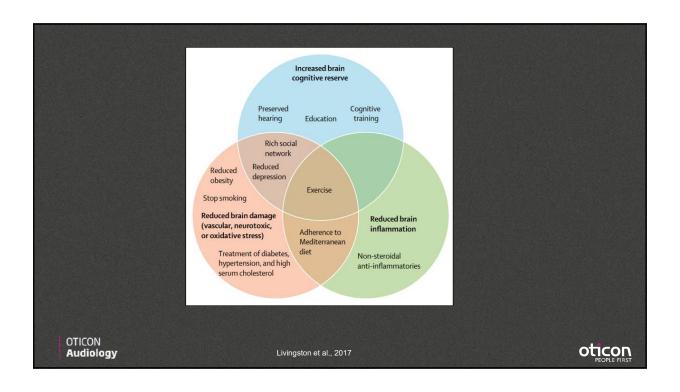


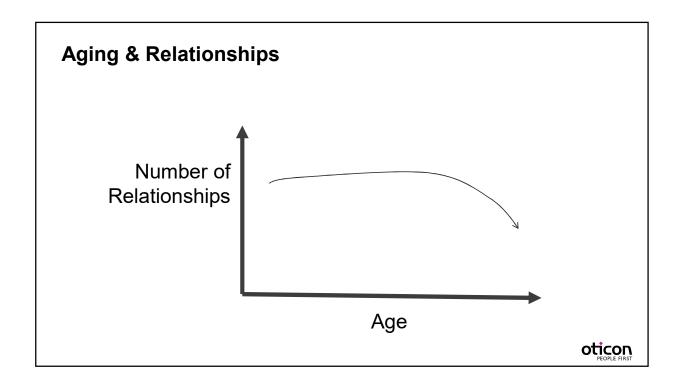


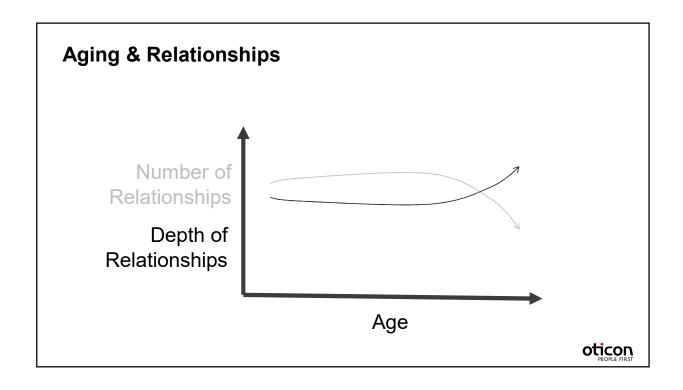












Health Risk of Isolation Not related to *number* of relationships Is related to *depth* of relationships

OTICON Audiology



