

Bone Anchored Hearing System (BAHS) Candidacy and Evaluation of the Adult Patient

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This course will provide an overview of the candidacy criteria, evaluation process, and post-operative follow up for patients pursuing a BAHS. We will also briefly discuss some of the data on our single-sided deafness (SSD) study currently being conducted at Michigan Ear Institute.

Introduction

- BAHS Overview
- Candidacy
- Evaluation Process
- Fitting
- Follow-Up
- Single-Sided Deafness (SSD) Research

Agenda

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- At the end of this course, participants will be able to:
 - List the main components of a BAHS
 - Discuss the candidacy criteria for a BAHS
 - Discuss the difference between a percutaneous and transcutaneous system
 - List at least three things that should take place during the evaluation process of a potential BAHS candidate

Outcomes



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- How bone conduction hearing works
 - Bypassing the outer and middle ear
- BAHS
 - Processor picks up sound
 - Changes it into vibration
 - Vibrations travel through the bones in the skull
 - · Vibrations picked up by the cochlea as sound
- Osseointegration

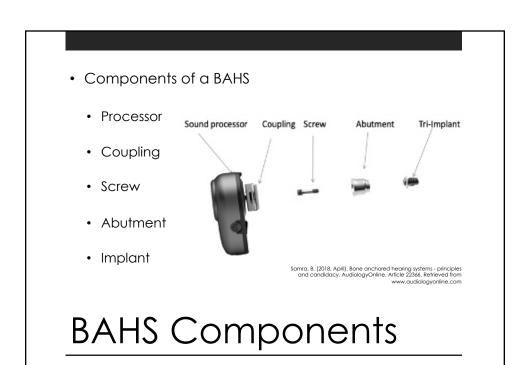
Bone Conduction Hearing

- · Direct drive
 - Transmission of sound directly to the skull from the processor via an abutment
 - Oticon Ponto
 - · Cochlear BAHA Connect
- Skin drive
 - Vibrations transmitted across the skin to the skull
 - Cochlear BAHA Attract
- Direct drive → most efficient transfer of the two
- Osia
 - Piezoelectric transducer

Types of Bone Anchored Devices

Iseri M. Orhan KS, Tuncer U, et al. Transcutaneous Bone-anchored Hearing Aids Versu Percutaneous Ones: Multicenter Comparative Clinical Study, Otology & Neurotology Official Publication of the American Ofological Society, American Neurotology Societ [and] European Academy of Otology and Neurotology, 2015 Jun;36(5):849-853

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Candidacy

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- Single-sided deafness (SSD)
- Conductive hearing loss (CHL)



• Mixed hearing loss (MHL)



Types of Hearing Loss

SSD

CHL/MHL

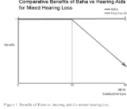
Congenital
Acoustic Neuroma
Viral Infection
Meniere's Disease

Otitis Media
Otosclerosis
TM Perforation
Microtia
Atresia

Potential Causes of Hearing Loss in BAHS Candidates

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- Bone conduction average at or better than 65dB HL
 - 500 Hz
 - 1k Hz
 - 2k Hz
 - 3k Hz



O'Sullivan, M., 2019. Foundations Of BAHA Implants: Candidacy. [online] Audiology Online. Available at: https://www.audiologyonline.com/articles/foundations-of-baha-

- ABG≥30dBHL
 - The larger the ABG, the more likely it is that a BAHS will tend to outperform a HA

Audiometrics - CHL/MHL

de Wolf, M. J., Hendrix, S., Cremers, C. W., & Snik, A. F. (2011), Better performance with bone-anchore hearing aid than acoustic devices in patients with severe air-bone gap. The Laryngoscope, 121(3), 613-61 Snik, F. M., Mylanus, E. A., Proops, D. W., Wolflaardt, J. F., Hodgetts, W. E., Somers, T.,... & Tjellström, A. (2005 Consensus statements on the BAHA system: where do we stand at present?. Annais of Orlology, Rhinology Laryngology, 114(12 suppl), 2-1

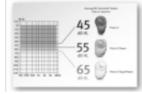
- Bilateral is best [when candidacy criteria is met]
 - Binaural summation
 - · Improved speech in noise understanding
 - Assistance in sound localization
- · Bilateral Fitting
 - Best if the BC thresholds are symmetrical
 - <10dB HL on average
 - <15dB HL at individual frequencies
- Unilateral Fitting
 - Choose the side with the best BC thresholds

Unilateral or Bilateral?

Priwin C, Stenfelt S, Granström G, Tjellström A, Håkansson B. Bilateral bone-anchored hearing aids (BAHAs): an audiometric evaluation. Laryngoscope. 2004;114(1):77-84. doi:10.1097/00005537-200401000-00013

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- · Healthy ears AC thresholds
 - Traditionally, PTA better than or equal to 20 dB HL
 - 500 Hz
 - 1000 Hz
 - 2000 Hz
 - 3000 Hz



- Unconventional recipients
 - Poorer performance on SIN tasks
 - Similar perceived benefit (improved QoL)

Audiometrics - SSD

Schwartz, Seith & Kobylk, Deborah. (2016). Outcomes of Bone Anchored Hearing Aid (BAHA) for Single Sided Deatness in Nontradifional Candidates. Ollogy & neurology official publication of the American Otological Society. American Neurology, Society (and European Academy of Otology and Neurology, 37, 1408-143 (2014). 10.1027/JAMAD 000000000129

- BAHS
 - · Low gain
 - Open ear canal
 - Comfortable
 - Single unit
 - Less programming
- Traditional HA
 - High gain
 - Occlusion



- CROS Device
 - Two units
 - · Filtered sound



BAHS Advantages

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Evaluation



- Demonstration
- *Sound field testing
 - · Currently, research patients only
- Device selection
- Counseling

Evaluation Outline

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- Test band/soft band/test rod
- In office demonstration



- Extended trial
- BC Direct
 - Best (if possible)

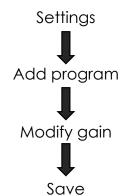


- P1 CHL
- P2 MHL
- P3 SSD





- CHL
 - BC thresholds of 10-15dB
- MHL
 - Add overall gain (~5 units)
- SSD
 - Add high-frequency gain (~5 units)

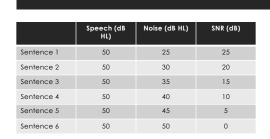


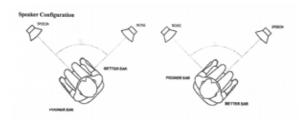
Example Demo Settings

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- · Unaided vs. aided testing in the SF
 - NU6
 - AzBio
 - Quiet
 - Noise
 - QuickSIN
- Largest benefit seen when noise is towards the good ear and speech is towards the bad

Sound Field Testing





Example Testing Conditions

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- "Audiologists may report CPT codes 92626 and 92627 when evaluating the auditory function of a patient either before or after the patient receives a unilateral or bilateral hearing device(s)"
- 92626: Evaluation of auditory function for surgically implanted device(s) candidacy or postoperative status of a surgically implanted device(s); first hour
 - At LEAST 31 minutes of evaluation
 - Testing and counseling
- 92627: Each additional 15 minutes
- 92700: Unlisted otorhinolaryngological service or procedure

Billing for the Evaluation

Coding For Evaluation Of Auditory Rehabilitation Status https://www.asha.org/Practice/reimbursement/coding/Coding-for-Evaluation-of Auditory-Rehabilitation-Status

New and Revised CPT Codes For 2020

- · Perceived benefit
- SF testing results
- Surgical options
 - Oticon ponto
 - · Cochlear BAHA
 - Connect
 - Attract
 - Osia
- Traditional hearing aid(s)
- CROS unit

Device Selection

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- Determine goals for treatment
- Discuss realistic expectations
- Combination of formal and informal methods
 - Formal assessments
 - COSI
 - APHAB
- · Review the timeline

Counseling

Post-Operative Follow Up

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- ~6 weeks post-op
- · BAHS delivery appointment
 - 1 hour long
- Site check
- BC direct
- Programming/gain adjustments
- · Accessory pairing
- Kit overview
- Practice using the processor



BAHS Orientation



SSD Study at MEI

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- Device selection
- Hearing Handicap Inventory for Adults (HHIA)
- Tinnitus Handicap Inventory (THI)
- Survey on Treatment Choices in SSD
 - 25 item "device selection" questionnaire
 - Likert rating
 - Strongly disagree
 - Disagree
 - Neutral
 - Agree
 - Strongly agree

Current Research - SSD

- Device treatment vs. no device
 - Statements relate to motivation and perceived level of hearing handicap
 - "I feel handicapped by my SSD"
- BAHS vs. CROS
 - Statements relate to differences between the device categories (surgical vs. nonsurgical)
 - "I am willing to wear devices on both ears"
- Characteristics of the device model
 - Statements relate to cosmetics, functionality, and connectivity
 - "I want a device with a rechargeable battery"

Device Selection Survey

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- "The sound quality of the device is more important to me than how it looks and feels"
- "I am highly motivated to use a hearing device to treat my SSD"
- I want to experience no discomfort from wearing the hearing device"
- "I want a device that is extremely easy to use (on/off, changing batteries, volume control, etc."
- "I want to be fit with a device as soon as possible"
- "I expect excellent customer service from the company that manufacturers my hearing device"
- "The advice of my counseling clinicians (physician, audiologist) is the most important factor when deciding on a device"
- "I worry about losing my hearing (or more hearing) in my better ear"
- HHIA → Q1
 - "I feel handicapped by my SSD"
- THI → Q17
 - "Relief from my tinnitus is my main motivation for seeking treatment"

Preliminary Analysis



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